



DRAFT - CUPS Interface Design Description
CUPS-IDD-1.0

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1 Scope

1.1 Identification

This interface design description document provides detailed file formats, message formats, and program conventions for the Common UNIX Printing System ("CUPS") Version 1.0.

1.2 System Overview

The Common UNIX Printing System provides a portable printing layer for UNIX® operating systems. It has been developed by Easy Software Products to promote a standard printing solution for all UNIX vendors and users. CUPS provides the System V and Berkeley command-line interfaces.

CUPS uses the Internet Printing Protocol (IETF-IPP) as the basis for managing print jobs and queues. The Line Printer Daemon (LPD, RFC1179), Server Message Block (SMB), and AppSocket protocols are also supported with reduced functionality.

CUPS adds network printer browsing and PostScript Printer Description ("PPD")-based printing options to support real world applications under UNIX.

1.3 Document Overview

This interface design description document is organized into the following sections:

- 1 - Scope
- 2 - References
- 3 - Internal Interfaces
- 4 - External Interfaces
- 5 - Directories
- A - Glossary

2 References

2.1 CUPS Documentation

The following CUPS documentation is referenced by this document:

- CUPS-CMP-1.0: CUPS Configuration Management Plan
- CUPS-IDD-1.0: CUPS System Interface Design Description
- CUPS-SAM-1.0.x: CUPS Software Administrators Manual
- CUPS-SDD-1.0: CUPS Software Design Description
- CUPS-SPM-1.0: CUPS Software Programming Manual
- CUPS-SSR-1.0: CUPS Software Security Report
- CUPS-STP-1.0: CUPS Software Test Plan
- CUPS-SUM-1.0.x: CUPS Software Users Manual
- CUPS-SVD-1.0.x: CUPS Software Version Description

2.2 Other Documents

The following non-CUPS documents are referenced by this document:

- IEEE 1387.4, System Administration: Printing (draft)
- IPP/1.0: Additional Optional Operations - Set 1
- IPP/1.0: Encoding and Transport
- IPP/1.0: Implementers Guide
- IPP/1.0: Model and Semantics
- RFC 1179, Line Printer Daemon Protocol

3 Internal Interfaces

3.1 Character Set Files

The character set files define a mapping between 8-bit characters and the Unicode character set. They are named using the ISO standard number defined for the character set. Each file consists of up to 256 lines of ASCII text. Each line consists of two hexadecimal numbers; the first number is the character number in the character set (0x00 to 0xff), and the second number is the Unicode character number (0x0000 to 0xffff).

3.2 Language Files

The language files define the default character set and a collection of text messages in that language. They are named by prefixing the string "cups_" to the front of the language specifier (e.g. "cups_en", "cups_fr", etc.) Each file consists of two or more lines of ASCII text.

The first line identifies the character set to be used for the messages. The currently recognized values are:

- us-ascii
- utf-8
- iso-8859-1
- iso-8859-2
- iso-8859-3
- iso-8859-4
- iso-8859-5
- iso-8859-6
- iso-8859-7
- iso-8859-8
- iso-8859-9
- iso-8859-14
- iso-8859-15

The second and succeeding lines define text messages. If the message text is preceded by a number, then the current message number is updated and the text after the number is used.

3.3 MIME Files

CUPS uses two MIME files in its standard configuration.

3.3.1 mime.types

The mime.types file defines the recognized file types and consists of 1 or more lines of ASCII text. Comment lines start with the pound ("#") character. The backslash ("\") character can be used at the end of a line to continue that line to the next.

Each non-blank line starts with a MIME type identifier ("super/type") as registered with the IANA. All text following the MIME type is treated as a series of type recognition rules:

```
mime-type := super "/" type { SP rule }*
super := { "a-z" | "A-Z" }*
type := { "a-z" | "A-Z" | "-" | "." | "0-9" }*
rule := { extension | match | operator | "(" rule ")" }*
extension := { "a-z" | "A-Z" | "0-9" }*
match := "match(" regexp ")" |
         "ascii(" offset "," length ")" |
         "printable(" offset "," length ")" |
         "string(" offset "," string ")" |
         "char(" offset "," value ")" |
         "short(" offset "," value ")" |
         "int(" offset "," value ")" |
         "locale(" string ")"
operator := "+" | [ logical AND ]
           "," | SP [ logical OR ]
           "!" [ unary NOT ]
```

3.3.2 mime.convs

The mime.types file defines the recognized file filters and consists of 1 or more lines of ASCII text. Comment lines start with the pound ("#") character.

Each non-blank line starts with two MIME type identifiers ("super/type") representing the source and destination types. Following the MIME types are a cost value (0 to 100) and the filter program to use. If the filter program is not specified using the full path then it must reside in the CUPS filter directory.

3.4 PostScript Printer Description Files

The PostScript Printer Description (PPD) file format is described in [Adobe TechNote #5003: PostScript Printer Description File Format Specification Version 4.3](#).

3.5 Scheduler Configuration Files

The scheduler reads three configuration files that define the available printers, classes, and services:

classes.conf

This file defines all of the printer classes known to the system.

cupsd.conf

This file defines the files, directories, passwords, etc. used by the scheduler.

printers.conf

This file defines all of the printers known to the system.

3.5.1 classes.conf

The classes.conf file consists of 1 or more lines of ASCII text. Comment lines start with the pound ("#") character.

Each non-blank line starts with the name of a configuration directive followed by its value. The following directives are understood:

Directive	Description
<Class name> </Class>	
<DefaultClass name> </DefaultClass>	
Info	
Location	
MoreInfo	
Printer	

3.5.2 cupsd.conf

The cupsd.conf file consists of 1 or more lines of ASCII text. Comment lines start with the pound ("#") character.

Each non-blank line starts with the name of a configuration directive followed by its value. The following directives are understood:

Directive	Description
AccessLog	
Allow	
AuthClass	
AuthType	

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BrowseAddress	
BrowseInterval	
BrowsePort	
BrowseTimeout	
Browsing	
DefaultCharset	
DefaultLanguage	
Deny	
DocumentRoot	
ErrorLog	
Group	
HostNameLookups	
ImplicitClasses	
KeepAlive	
KeepAliveTimeout	
<Location path> </Location>	
LogLevel	
MaxLogSize	
MaxRequestSize	
Order	
PageLog	
Port	
RIPCache	
ServerAdmin	
ServerName	
ServerRoot	
SystemGroup	
Timeout	
User	

3.5.3 printers.conf

The printers.conf file consists of 1 or more lines of ASCII text. Comment lines start with the pound ("#") character.

Each non-blank line starts with the name of a configuration directive followed by its value. The following directives are understood:

Directive	Description
<DefaultPrinter name> </DefaultPrinter>	
DeviceURI	
Info	
Location	
MoreInfo	
<Printer name> </Printer>	
State	

4 External Interfaces

4.1 AppSocket Protocol

The AppSocket protocol is an 8-bit clean TCP/IP socket connection. The default IP service port is 9100.

4.2 CUPS Browsing Protocol

The CUPS Browsing Protocol is a UDP/IP-based broadcast service. By default this service operates on IP service port 631.

Each broadcast packet describes the state of a single printer or class and is an ASCII text string of up to 1450 bytes ending with a newline (0x0a). The string is formatted as follows:

```
type SP state SP uri NL
```

The *state* and *uri* values correspond to the IPP `printer-state` and `printer-uri-supported` attributes.

The *type* value is a hexadecimal number string representing capability/type bits:

Bit	Description
0	0 = printer 1 = class
1	0 = local 1 = remote
2	1 = can print B
3	1 = can print color
4	1 = can duplex
5	1 = can staple
6	1 = can do fast copies
7	1 = can do fast collating
8	1 = can punch holes
9	1 = can cover
10	1 = can bind
11	1 = can sort

12	1 = can print up to 9x14 inches
13	1 = can print up to 18x24 inches
14	1 = can print up to 36x48 inches
15	1 = can print variable sizes

4.3 CUPS PostScript File

CUPS PostScript files are device-dependent Adobe PostScript program files. The PostScript language is described in the [Adobe PostScript Language Reference Manual, Third Edition](#).

The MIME type for CUPS PostScript files is `application/vnd.cups-postscript`.

4.4 CUPS Raster File

CUPS raster files are device-dependent raster image files that contain a PostScript page device dictionary and device-dependent raster imagery for each page in the document. These files are used to transfer raster data from the PostScript and image file RIPs to device-dependent filters that convert the raster data to a printable format.

A raster file begins with a four byte synchronization word: 0x52615374 ("RaSt") for big-endian architectures and 0x74536152 ("tSaR") for little-endian architectures. The writer of the raster file will use the native word order, and the reader is responsible for detecting a reversed word order file and swapping bytes as needed. The CUPS Interface Library raster functions perform this function automatically.

Following the synchronization word are a series of raster pages. Each page starts with a page device dictionary header and is followed immediately by the raster data for that page.

Bytes	Description	Values
0-63	MediaClass	Nul-terminated ASCII string
64-127	MediaColor	Nul-terminated ASCII string
128-191	MediaType	Nul-terminated ASCII string
192-255	OutputType	Nul-terminated ASCII string
256-259	AdvanceDistance	0 to $2^{32} - 1$ points
260-263	AdvanceMedia	0 = Never advance roll 1 = Advance roll after file 2 = Advance roll after job 3 = Advance roll after set 4 = Advance roll after page

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264-267	Collate	0 = do not collate copies 1 = collate copies
268-271	CutMedia	0 = Never cut media 1 = Cut roll after file 2 = Cut roll after job 3 = Cut roll after set 4 = Cut roll after page
272-275	Duplex	0 = Print single-sided 1 = Print double-sided
276-283	HWRResolution	Horizontal and vertical resolution in dots-per-inch.
284-299	ImagingBoundingBox	Four integers giving the left, bottom, right, and top positions of the page bounding box in points
300-303	InsertSheet	0 = Do not insert separator sheets 1 = Insert separator sheets
304-307	Jog	0 = Do no jog pages 1 = Jog pages after file 2 = Jog pages after job 3 = Jog pages after set
308-311	LeadingEdge	0 = Top edge is first 1 = Right edge is first 2 = Bottom edge is first 3 = Left edge is first
312-319	Margins	Left and bottom origin of image in points
320-323	ManualFeed	0 = Do not manually feed media 1 = Manually feed media
324-327	MediaPosition	Input slot position from 0 to N
328-331	MediaWeight	Media weight in grams per meter squared
332-335	MirrorPrint	0 = Do not mirror prints 1 = Mirror prints
336-339	NegativePrint	0 = Do not invert prints 1 = Invert prints
340-343	NumCopies	1 to $2^{32} - 1$
344-347	Orientation	0 = Do not rotate page 1 = Rotate page counter-clockwise 2 = Turn page upside down 3 = Rotate page clockwise
348-351	OutputFaceUp	0 = Output face down 1 = Output face up
352-359	PageSize	Width and length in points
360-363	Separations	0 = Print composite image 1 = Print color separations

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364-367	TraySwitch	0 = Do not change trays if selected tray is empty 1 = Change trays if selected tray is empty
368-371	Tumble	0 = Do not rotate even pages when duplexing 1 = Rotate even pages when duplexing
372-375	cupsWidth	Width of page image in pixels
376-379	cupsHeight	Height of page image in pixels
380-383	cupsMediaType	Driver-specific 0 to $2^{32} - 1$
384-387	cupsBitsPerColor	1, 2, 4, 8 bits
388-391	cupsBitsPerPixel	1 to 32 bits
392-395	cupsBytesPerLine	1 to $2^{32} - 1$ bytes
396-399	cupsColorOrder	0 = chunky pixels (CMYK CMYK CMYK) 1 = banded pixels (CCC MMM YYY KKK) 2 = planar pixels (CCC... MMM... YYY... KKK...)
400-403	cupsColorSpace	0 = white 1 = RGB 2 = RGBA 3 = black 4 = CMY 5 = YMC 6 = CMYK 7 = YMCK 8 = KCMY 9 = KCMYcm
404-407	cupsCompression	Driver-specific 0 to $2^{32} - 1$
408-411	cupsRowCount	Driver-specific 0 to $2^{32} - 1$
412-415	cupsRowFeed	Driver-specific 0 to $2^{32} - 1$
416-419	cupsRowStep	Driver-specific 0 to $2^{32} - 1$

The MIME type for CUPS Raster files is `application/vnd.cups-raster`.

4.5 CUPS Raw Files

Raw files are printer-dependent print files that are in a format suitable to the destination printer (e.g. HP-PCL, HP-RTL, etc.) The MIME type for CUPS Raw files is `application/vnd.cups-raw`.

4.6 File Transfer Protocol

The File Transfer Protocol (FTP) is described by [RFC 959: File Transfer Protocol](#).

4.7 Internet Printing Protocol

The Internet Printing Protocol is described by the following RFCs:

- [RFC 2565: Internet Printing Protocol/1.0: Encoding and Transport](#)
- [RFC 2566: Internet Printing Protocol/1.0: Model and Semantics](#)
- [RFC 2567: Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol](#)
- [RFC 2568: Rationale for the Structure of the Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol](#)
- [RFC 2569: Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols](#)

4.8 Line Printer Daemon Protocol

The Line Printer Daemon (LPD) protocol is described by [RFC 1179: Line Printer Daemon Protocol](#).

4.9 Server Message Block Protocol

The Server Message Block (SMB) and related Common Internet File System (CIFS) protocols are described at <http://anu.samba.org/cifs>.

4.10 Trivial File Transfer Protocol

The Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) is described by [RFC 1350: The TFTP Protocol \(Revision 2\)](#).

5 5 - Directories

/usr/bin

The `cancel`, `lp`, `lpq`, `lpr`, `lprm`, and `lpstat` commands reside here.

/usr/lib

The `accept`, `disable`, `enable`, `lpadmin`, and `reject` commands reside here.

/usr/sbin

The `lpc` and `cupsd` commands reside here.

/usr/share/cups

The character set and filter data files reside here.

/usr/share/cups/fonts

The `pstoraster` font files reside here.

/usr/share/cups/pstoraster

The `pstoraster` data files reside here.

/var/cups

This is the root directory of the CUPS scheduler.

/var/cups/backend

The backend filters reside here.

/var/cups/cgi-bin

The CGI programs reside here.

/var/cups/conf

The scheduler configuration and MIME files reside here.

/var/cups/doc

The scheduler documentation files reside here.

/var/cups/filter

The file filters reside here.

/var/cups/interfaces

System V interface scripts reside here.

/var/cups/logs

The `access_log`, `error_log`, and `page_log` files reside here.

/var/cups/ppd

This directory contains PPD files for each printer.

/var/cups/requests

This directory contains pending print job files.

A Glossary

A.1 Terms

C

A computer language.

parallel

Sending or receiving data more than 1 bit at a time.

pipe

A one-way communications channel between two programs.

serial

Sending or receiving data 1 bit at a time.

socket

A two-way network communications channel.

A.2 Acronyms

ASCII

American Standard Code for Information Interchange

CUPS

Common UNIX Printing System

ESC/P

EPSON Standard Code for Printers

FTP

File Transfer Protocol

HP-GL

Hewlett-Packard Graphics Language

HP-PCL

Hewlett-Packard Printer Control Language

HP-PJL

Hewlett-Packard Printer Job Language

IETF

Internet Engineering Task Force

IPP

Internet Printing Protocol

ISO

International Standards Organization

LPD

Line Printer Daemon

MIME

Multimedia Internet Mail Exchange

PCL

Page Control Language

PPD

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SMB

Server Message Block

TFTP

Trivial File Transfer Protocol